



JEE (Main)

PAPER-1 (B.E./B. TECH.)

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2021

COMPUTER BASED TEST (CBT) Memory Based Questions & Solutions

Date: 25 July, 2021 (SHIFT-2) | TIME : (3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m)

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SUBJECT: PHYSICS

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PART : PHYSICS

1 Value of force $F = A \sin(Bt) + C \cos(Dx)$ find dimension of $\frac{AB}{D}$

(1) ML^3T^{-1}

(2) ML^2T^{-3}

(3) ML^1T^{-3}

(4) ML^2T^3

Ans. (2)

Sol. Dimension of $A = MLT^{-2}$, $B = T^{-1}$, $D = L^{-1}$

$$\text{Dim} = \frac{AB}{D} = \frac{MLT^{-2}T^{-1}}{L^{-1}} = ML^2T^{-3}$$

2 Force is given by $F = (5y + 20) \hat{j}$ Find work done for moving particle from $y = 0$ to $y = 5$:

- (1) 162.5 J (2) 165 J (3) 132.5 J (4) 140.5 J

Ans. (1)

Sol. $w = \int F \cdot dy$

$$= \int_0^5 (5y + 20) dy$$

$$= \left[\frac{5y^2}{2} + 20y \right]_0^5 \Rightarrow \frac{5 \times 25}{2} + 100 = 162.5 \text{ J}$$

3 A hot air balloon is ascending with constant velocity of 10 m/s. when balloon reaches a height of 75 m, a stone is dropped from balloon. what will be the height of balloon, when stone reaches earth?

- (1) 125 m. (2) 135 m. (3) 140 m. (4) 145 m.

Ans. (1)

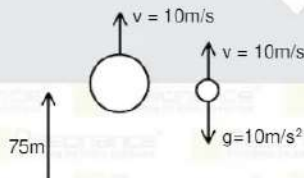
Sol. For stone

$$75 = -10t + \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$

$$75 = -10t + 5t^2$$

$$t^2 - 2t - 15 = 0$$

$$t = 5 \text{ sec.}$$



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$$H = vt + 75$$

$$H = 10 \times 5 + 75 = 125 \text{ m.}$$

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4. Relation between position and time of a particle moving along straight line is given by $t = x + 3x^2$. Find acceleration of particle at $t = 10$ s

- (1) $-\frac{5}{1331}$ (2) $\frac{6}{1331}$ (3) $-\frac{6}{1331}$ (4) $\frac{5}{1331}$

Ans. (3)

Sol. $t = x + 3x^2$... (1)

$$1 = \frac{dx}{dt} + 6x \frac{dx}{dt} \Rightarrow v = \frac{1}{(1+6x)}$$

$$0 = \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 6 \left(x \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \left(\frac{dx}{dt} \right)^2 \right)$$

$$0 = a + 6xa + 6v^2$$

$$a = \frac{-6v^2}{(1+6x)} \dots (2)$$

From equation ... (1)

$$10 = x + 3x^2$$

$$3x^2 + x - 10 = 0$$

$$3x^2 + 6x - 5x - 10 = 0$$

$$3x(x+2) - 5(x+2)$$

$$(3x-5)(x+2) \Rightarrow x = \frac{5}{3}$$

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From equation (2)

$$a = \frac{-6}{\left(1 + 6 \times \frac{5}{3}\right)^3} = \frac{-6}{1331}$$

5. Two particles of same mass & charges Q_1 and Q_2 are moving perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field where the ratio of charges is $\frac{Q_1}{Q_2} = \frac{1}{2}$ and ratio of velocities is $\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{3}{2}$ then find the ratio of the radius $\frac{R_1}{R_2}$:
- (1) 2 : 1 (2) 3 : 1 (3) 4 : 1 (4) 1 : 1

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Sol. Given

$$\frac{Q_1}{Q_2} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ \& \ } \frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$R = \frac{mv}{qB}$$

$$\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{V_1}{V_2} \times \frac{Q_2}{Q_1} = \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{2}{1} = 3$$

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6. A particle performing SHM with amplitude A. Find the ratio of kinetic energy and total energy when particle is at A/2

- (1) $\frac{3}{4}$ (2) $\frac{2}{3}$ (3) $\frac{4}{3}$ (4) $\frac{1}{2}$

Ans. (1)

Sol. $V_{A/2} = \omega\sqrt{A^2 - x^2}$

$$= \omega\sqrt{A^2 - \left(\frac{A}{2}\right)^2} = \omega\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}A\right)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}V_{\max}$$

$$KE = \frac{1}{2}m\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}V_{\max}\right)^2$$

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$$\frac{KE}{TE} = \frac{3}{4} \quad \text{Ans.}$$

7. In photoelectric effect stopping potential is $3V_0$ for incident wave length λ_0 and stopping potential V_0 for incident wavelength $2\lambda_0$. Find threshold wavelength.

- (1) $3\lambda_0$ (2) $2\lambda_0$ (3) $4\lambda_0$ (4) $8\lambda_0$

Ans. (3)

Sol. $KE = h\nu - W$

$$eV = \frac{hc}{\lambda} - W$$

For first case

$$e(3V_0) = \frac{hc}{\lambda_0} - W \quad \dots(i)$$

For second case

$$eV_0 = \frac{hc}{2\lambda_0} - W \quad \dots(ii)$$

From equation (i) and (ii)

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For λ_{th}

$$W = \frac{hc}{\lambda_{th}}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{hc}{\lambda_0} = \frac{hc}{\lambda_{th}} \quad \rightarrow \quad \lambda_{th} = 4\lambda_0$$

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8. Efficiency of heat engine is $\eta = 1/6$. If temperature of sink is decreased by 62K, then efficiency becomes $1/3$. Find temperature of source :

- (1) 372K (2) 272K (3) 350K (4) 450K

Ans. (1)

Sol. $\eta = \left(1 - \frac{T_2}{T_1}\right)$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = 1 - \eta = 1 - \frac{1}{6} \quad \dots(1)$$

$$\frac{T_2 - 62}{T_1} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} \quad \dots(2)$$

Equation $\frac{(1)}{(2)}$:

$$\Rightarrow \frac{T_2}{T_2 - 62} = \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_2 = 5 \times 62$$

From eq. (1)

$$T_1 = \frac{T_2}{1 - \eta} = \frac{5 \times 62}{1 - \frac{1}{6}} = 5 \times 62 \times \frac{6}{5} = 372K$$

9. Activity of an element x becomes $1/8$ of initial in 30 years. Find half-life :

- (1) 10 Year. (2) 12 Year (3) 15 Year (4) 17 Year

Ans. (1)

Sol. $A = A_0 e^{-\lambda t}$

For half life

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{-\lambda t_{1/2}} \quad \dots(1)$$

Given $1/8 = e^{-\lambda 30}$ $\dots(2)$

Solving (1) and (2)

$$e^{-3\lambda t_{1/2}} = e^{-\lambda 30}$$

$$T_{1/2} = 10 \text{ Yrs.}$$

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10. If De-Broglie wavelengths of photon and electron are equal, what will be the ratio of kinetic energy of electron and energy of photon? Given that velocity of electron is v and velocity of light is c :

- (1) $\frac{2v}{c}$ (2) $\frac{v}{2c}$ (3) $\frac{3v}{c}$ (4) $\frac{c}{3v}$

Ans. (2)

Sol. De-Broglie wavelength is given by $\lambda = \frac{h}{p}$

$KE_{ph} = mc^2 = pc \dots(1)$

$KE_e = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{pv}{2} \dots(2)$

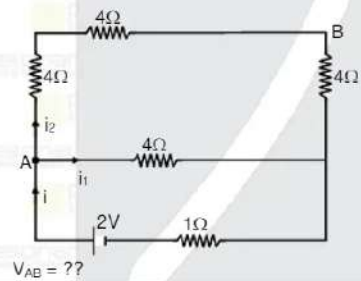
$\frac{KE_{ph}}{KE_e} = \frac{pc}{\frac{pv}{2}} = 2c/v$

11. A square loop of total resistance 16Ω . If a battery of $2V$ and 1Ω internal resistance is connected across one of its side then find potential difference across its diagonal :

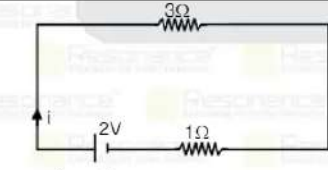
- (1) $1V$ (2) $2V$ (3) $3V$ (4) $4V$

Ans. (1)

Sol.



$V_{AB} = ??$



$i = \frac{2}{3+1} = \frac{1}{2} A$

$i_2 = \frac{r_2}{r_2+r_1} i = \frac{1}{3+1} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$

$V_{AB} = \frac{1}{8} \times 8 = 1V$

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12. \vec{A} and \vec{B} are two vectors such that $|\vec{A}| = 2$ and $|\vec{B}| = 5$. If $|\vec{A} \times \vec{B}| = 8$, then $|\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}| = ?$

- (1) 2 (2) 6 (3) 7 (4) 9

Ans. (2)

Sol. $|\vec{A} \times \vec{B}| = |\vec{A}||\vec{B}| \sin\theta$

$\Rightarrow 10 \sin\theta = 8$

$$\text{Now } |\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}| = |\vec{A}| |\vec{B}| \cos \theta = 10 \times \frac{3}{5} = 6$$

13. Find significant figure for the value 0.00346.

- (1) 5 (2) 4 (3) 3 (4) 2

Ans. (3)

Sol. There are 3 non zero digit after the decimal point so significant number is 3.
0.00346

14. For a prism, if angle of minimum deviation is equal to angle of prism. If refractive index of prism material is μ . Then angle of prism should be?

- (1) $2 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)$ (2) $2 \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)$ (3) $3 \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)$ (4) $3 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)$

Ans. (2)

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Sol.

$$\mu = \frac{\sin A}{\sin\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)}$$

$$\mu = \frac{\sin A}{\sin A/2}$$

$$\mu = 2 \cos \frac{A}{2}$$

$$A = 2 \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)$$

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15. A photon of wavelength 500 nm falls on a metal surface of work function 1.3eV. An electron releases from metal moved in a perpendicular magnetic field. In a circular path of radius 30 cm. Then the magnitude of magnetic field will be ?

- (1) 12.2 μT (2) 10.2 μT (3) 8.2 μT (4) 6.2 μT

Ans. (1)

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$$\frac{1240}{500} = 1.3 + KE_{\max}$$

$$KE_{\max} = 1.18 \text{ eV}$$

$$\text{Now } R = \frac{mv}{qB} = \frac{\sqrt{2mKE}}{qB}$$

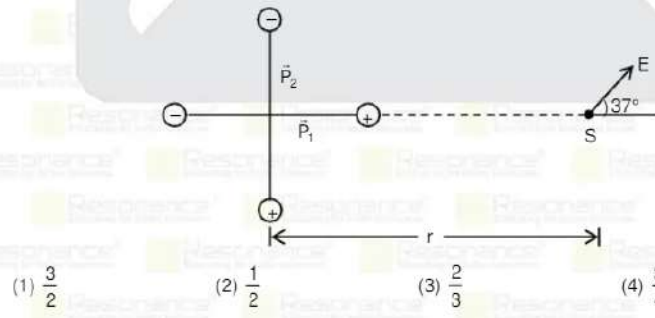
$$B = \frac{\sqrt{2mKE}}{qR}$$

$$B = \frac{\sqrt{2 \times 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \times 1.18 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}}}{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 30 \times 10^{-2}}$$

$$B = 0.122 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$B = 12.2 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\text{i.e., } B = 12.2 \mu\text{T}$$



- (1) $\frac{3}{2}$ (2) $\frac{1}{2}$ (3) $\frac{2}{3}$ (4) $\frac{3}{4}$

Ans. (3)

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Sol.



Electric field due to \vec{P}_1 at axis point S

$$E_{axis} = \frac{2KP_1}{r^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow E \cos 37^\circ = \frac{2KP_1}{r^3} \dots (1)$$

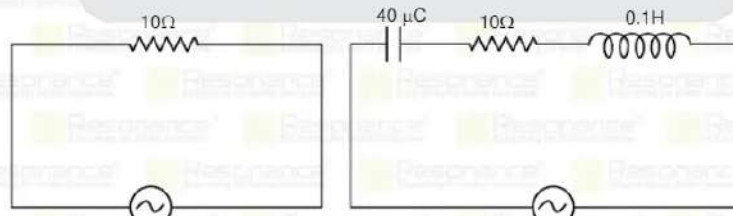
Electric field due to \vec{P}_2 at perpendicular bisector at point S.

$$E_{\perp} = \frac{KP_2}{r^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow E \sin 37^\circ = \frac{KP_2}{r^3} \dots (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2P_1}{P_2} = \frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow \frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

17. Power in both the given circuit are same then find angular frequency of AC source.



- (1) 200 (2) 300 (3) 400 (4) 500

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Sol. $P_1 = P_2$

$$\left(\frac{V^2}{R}\right)_1 = \left(\frac{V^2}{Z}\right)_2 \Rightarrow R = Z$$

$$10 = \sqrt{\left(\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2 + R^2}$$

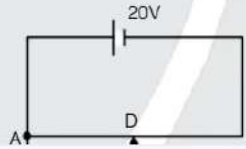
$$100 = \left[\omega(0.1) - \frac{1}{\omega(40 \times 10^{-6})}\right]^2 + 100$$

$$\omega^2(0.1) = \frac{1}{40 \times 10^{-6}}$$

$$\omega^2 = \frac{1}{4} \times 10^6$$

$$\omega = 500$$

18. For the given circuit, find the potential drop across 2Ω resistance ?

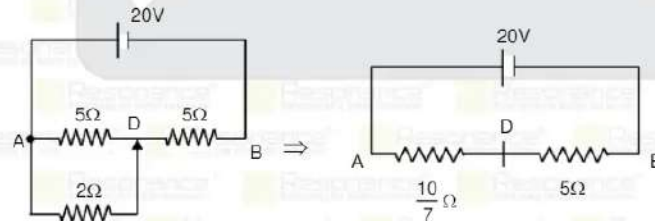


The wire AB is of length 10 cm, and its resistance is $1\Omega/\text{cm}$. Point D is mid-point of wire AB.

- (1) 2.44 V (2) 4.44 V (3) 3.44 V (4) 10.44 V

Ans. (2)

Sol.



$$V_{2\Omega} = \frac{20}{\frac{10}{7} + 5} \times \frac{10}{7}$$

$$V_{2\Omega} = 4.44 \text{ V}$$

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19. Mass of a planet is double the mass of earth. Both the planet have same mass density. A body has weight W on surface of earth, then weight of the same body on surface of planet ?

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Ans. (2)

Sol. $2M_E = M_P$

$$2\rho \times \frac{4}{3}R_E^3 = \rho \times \frac{4}{3}\pi R_P^3 \text{ (same density)}$$

$$R_P = 2^{1/3} R_E$$

$$g_P = \frac{GM_P}{R_P^2} \text{ (acceleration due to gravity)}$$

$$g_P = \frac{G2M_E}{(2^{1/3}R_E)^2} = \frac{G2M_E}{2^{2/3}R_E^2}$$

$$g_P = 2^{1/3} g_e$$

$$\text{weight on planet} = 2^{1/3} \text{ weight on earth}$$

$$W_P = 2^{1/3} W$$

20. A force $\vec{F} = 40\hat{i} + 10\hat{j}$ is applied on a stationary object of mass 5kg. What will be the position of object after 10s, if initially object was at origin ?

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Ans. (3)

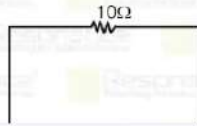
Sol. $\vec{a} = 8\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}$

$$\vec{s} = \vec{u}t + \frac{1}{2}\vec{a}t^2$$

$$\vec{s} = \frac{1}{2}(8\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}) \times 100$$

$$\vec{s} = 400\hat{i} + 100\hat{j}$$

21. An AC Source with $V_{\text{max}} = 200$ V and $f = 50$ Hz connected across 10Ω resistance. Find the time in which source voltage changes from maximum to rms value.



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(1) $\frac{1}{200}$ s

(2) $\frac{1}{400}$ s

(3) $\frac{1}{300}$ s

(4) $\frac{1}{500}$ s

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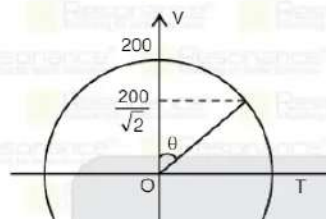
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PAGE # 10

Ans. (2)

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$$\omega = 2\pi f$$

$$= 100\pi \text{ rad/s.}$$

$$V = V_0 \sin(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2})$$

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$$\sqrt{2}$$

$$\omega t = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\text{thus } t = \frac{\pi/4}{100\pi} = \frac{1}{400} \text{ s}$$

22. A Disc of mass 2 kg and radius 2m is rotating with angular velocity $\omega = 600$ rpm. If this disc stops under the action of a constant Torque in 10 sec then if Torque is $n\pi$ then 'n' is.

- (1) 7 (2) 6 (3) 8 (4) 4

Ans. (3)

Sol. $\omega = \frac{600 \times 2\pi}{60} = 20\pi \text{ rad/s}$

$$\omega_f = \omega_i + \alpha t$$

$$0 = 20\pi - \alpha(10)$$

$$\alpha = 2\pi \text{ rad/s}^2$$

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$$= \frac{mR^2}{2} \times 2\pi = \frac{2 \times 4}{2} \times 2\pi = 8\pi$$

$$n = 8$$

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23. For two vector X and Y, $|X|=|Y|$ and $|X-Y|=n|X+Y|$. Then find angle between X and Y ?

- (1) $\cos^{-1} \frac{1-n^2}{1+n^2}$ (2) $\cos^{-1} \frac{1+n^2}{1-n^2}$ (3) $\cos^{-1} \frac{2-n^2}{2+n^2}$ (4) $\cos^{-1} \frac{2+n^2}{2-n^2}$

Ans. (1)

Sol. $|\vec{X}-\vec{Y}| = n|\vec{X}+\vec{Y}|$

$$|\vec{X}|^2 + |\vec{Y}|^2 - 2|\vec{X}||\vec{Y}|\cos\theta = n^2[|\vec{X}|^2 + |\vec{Y}|^2 + 2|\vec{X}||\vec{Y}|\cos\theta]$$

As $|\vec{X}|=|\vec{Y}|$

$$2|\vec{X}|^2 - 2|\vec{X}|^2\cos\theta = 2n^2|\vec{X}|^2 + 2n^2|\vec{X}|^2\cos\theta$$

$$1 - \cos\theta = n^2 + n^2\cos\theta$$

$$\cos\theta = \frac{1-n^2}{1+n^2}$$

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24 Find energy required to break an Aluminium nucleus into its constituent nucleons.

$$(m_n = 1.00867 \text{ u}, m_p = 1.00783 \text{ u}, m_{Al} = 26.98154 \text{ u})$$

- (1) 225 MeV (2) 230 MeV (3) 235 MeV (4) 245 MeV

Ans. (1)

Sol. Binding Energy = Δmc^2
 $\Delta m = [13 \times 1.00783 + 14 \times 1.00867 - 26.98154]$
 $= [13.10179 + 14.12138 - 26.98154] = 0.24163$
 \therefore B.E = $0.24163 \text{ C}^2 \times 931 \text{ MeV/C}^2$
 $= 224.95 \text{ MeV} \approx 225 \text{ MeV}$.

25. A Cell of Voltage ' V_0 ' is connected across a capacitor of capacitance 'C'. Now the space between the plates is filled with a material of dielectric constant K. Find the ratio of charge appear on the plates of

Ans. (1)

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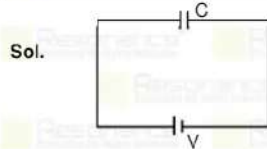
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$$Q_1 = CV$$

$$Q_2 = KCV$$

$$\frac{Q_1}{Q_2} = \frac{1}{K}$$

26. Pure Si₄ at room temperature has equal electron (n_e) and hole (n_h) concentration of $1.5 \times 10^{16} \text{ m}^{-3}$. Doping by indium increases n_h to $3 \times 10^{22} \text{ m}^{-3}$. Calculate n_e in the doped Si.

- (1) $7.5 \times 10^9 \text{ m}^{-3}$ (2) $6.5 \times 10^9 \text{ m}^{-3}$ (3) $7.5 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^{-3}$ (4) $7.5 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^{-3}$

$$n_e n_h = n_i^2$$

$$\Rightarrow n_e = \frac{n_i^2}{n_h} = \frac{(1.5 \times 10^{16})^2}{3 \times 10^{22}} = 7.5 \times 10^9 \text{ m}^{-3}$$

27. A particle starts from rest and moves with a variable acceleration $a = \alpha t + \beta t^2$, where α and β are positive constants. Find the distance covered by particle in $t = 1 \text{ sec}$ to $t = 2 \text{ sec}$?

- (1) $\frac{11}{6} \alpha + \frac{15}{12} \beta$ (2) $\frac{7}{6} \alpha + \frac{17}{12} \beta$ (3) $\frac{7}{6} \alpha + \frac{15}{12} \beta$ (4) $\frac{1}{3} \alpha + \frac{15}{12} \beta$

Ans. (3)

Sol. $\int_0^v dv = \int_0^t a dt$

$$v = \frac{\alpha t^2}{2} + \frac{\beta t^3}{3}$$

Now

$$\int_0^s ds = \int_0^t v dt$$

$$s = \left[\frac{\alpha t^3}{6} + \frac{\beta t^4}{12} \right]_0^2 \Rightarrow s = \frac{7}{6} \alpha + \frac{15}{12} \beta$$

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28. A carrier frequency of 1 MHz and peak value of 10 v is amplitude modulated with a signal frequency of 10 KHz with peak value of 0.5 v. Find modulation index.

- (1) 0.02 (2) 0.03 (3) 0.04 (4) 0.05

Ans. (4)

Sol. $A_{\max} = 10 + 0.5 = 10.5$

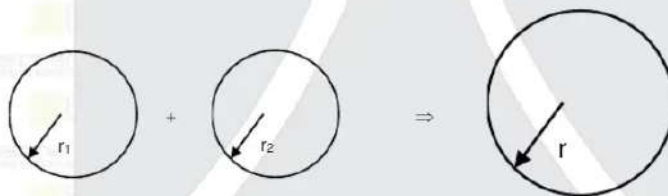
$$A_{\min} = 10 - 0.5 = 9.5$$

$$m_a = \frac{A_{\max} - A_{\min}}{A_{\max} + A_{\min}} = \frac{10.5 - 9.5}{10.5 + 9.5} = 0.05$$

29. Two soap bubbles of radius r_1 and r_2 in vacuum are combined isothermally to form a new bubble. Find the radius of this new bubble ?

Ans. (1)

Sol.



By surface energy conservation

$$\sigma A_1 + \sigma A_2 = \sigma A$$

$$\sigma [2 \times 4\pi r_1^2] + \sigma [2 \times 4\pi r_2^2] = \sigma [2 \times 4\pi r^2]$$

$$r_1^2 + r_2^2 = r^2$$

$$r = \sqrt{r_1^2 + r_2^2}$$

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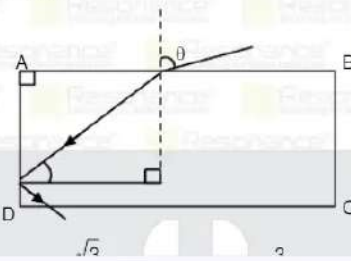
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30. A ray is incident on a slab of refractive index $\frac{5}{4}$ at an angle θ as shown in figure. Find maximum angle θ , so that TIR occur at surface AD.



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Ans. (3)

Sol. $1 \times \sin\theta = \frac{5}{4} \sin(90 - C)$

$$\sin\theta = \frac{5}{4} \cos C$$

but $\sin C = \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{4}{5}$

$$\cos C = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\sin\theta = \frac{5}{4} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{3}{4}$$

For T.I.R. $\sin\theta < \frac{3}{4}$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \frac{3}{4}$$

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